

<b>Course Number and Name</b>	SOCE 201 Sociological and Anthropological Theories
<b>Intended Learning Outcomes</b>	At the end of the course students will be able to apply sociological and anthropological theories to understand practical society.
<b>Course Contents</b>	Origin and development of social thought, Emile Durkheim and Positivism, Karl Marx and historical materialism, Max Weber and the role of ideas in shaping historical processes, Structuralism: contributions of Radcliff-Brown, Talcott Parsons, and Robert K. Merton. Conflict theories of Ralph Dahrendorf and C. Wright Mills. Symbolic interaction's: Contributions of George Herbert Mead and Charles Horton Cooley, Dramaturgical approach of Erwin Goffman. Critical theory of Jurgen Habermas: discourse, knowledge and post- structuralism of Michele Foucault. Reflective sociology of Pierre Bourdieu and Anthony Giddens. Feminist social theory with special reference to the work of Ann Oakley and Dorothy Smith. Modernism and post-modernism.
<b>Assessment Strategy</b>	<b>Assessment Scheme:</b> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>i. Time of Assessment - End of the Year</li> <li>ii. Assessment Methods - Written examination</li> <li>iii. Assigned Percentage of Marks for each Component – 100%</li> </ol>
<b>Recommended References</b>	<p>Abraham, J.C. 1973 <b>Origin and growth of sociology.</b> Hammondsworth: Penguin.</p> <p>Aron, Raymond. 1967 <b>Main Currents in Sociological Thought</b>, Volumes I &amp; II. Hammondsworth: Penguin</p> <p>Kivisto, Peter. 2004 <b>Key ideas in sociology</b>, New Delhi: Sage Publications.</p> <p>Ritzer, George. 2003 <b>Contemporary Social Theory and its Classical Roots.</b> New York: McGraw Hill.</p>